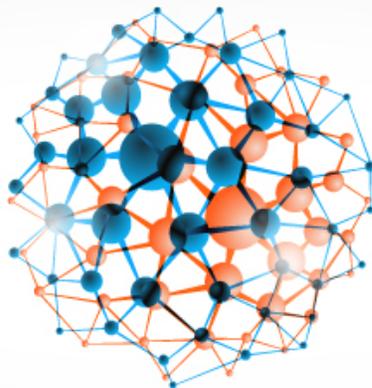


ANNIC
2016



APPLIED NANOTECHNOLOGY
AND NANOSCIENCE
INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE
NOV 9-11, 2016
BARCELONA

Nanobiosensors for diagnostics

Arben Merkoçi

Catalan Institute of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology (ICN2), CSIC and The
Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Campus UAB, Bellaterra, 08193
Barcelona, Spain.

ICREA - Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats, 08010 Barcelona, Spain.
arben.merkoci@icn2.cat

Biosensors field is progressing rapidly and the demand for cost efficient platforms is the key factor for their success. Physical, chemical and mechanical properties of cellulose in both micro and nanofiber-based networks combined with their abundance in nature or easy to prepare and control procedures are making these materials of great interest while looking for cost-efficient and green alternatives for device production technologies. Both paper and nanopaper-based biosensors are emerging as a new class of devices with the objective to fulfil the “World Health Organization” requisites to be ASSURED: affordable, sensitive, specific, user-friendly, rapid and robust, equipment free and deliverable to end-users. How to design simple paper-based biosensor architectures? How to tune their analytical performance upon demand? How one can ‘marriage’ nanomaterials such as metallic nanoparticles, quantum dots and even graphene with paper and what is the benefit? How we can make these devices more robust, sensitive and with multiplexing capabilities? Can we bring these low cost and efficient devices to places with low resources, extreme conditions or even at our homes? Which are the perspectives to link these simple platforms and detection technologies with mobile phone communication? I will try to give responses to these questions through various interesting applications related to protein, DNA and even contaminants detection all of extreme importance for diagnostics, environment control, safety and security.

References:

[1] C. Parolo, A. Merkoçi, “Paper based nanobiosensors for diagnostics”, Chem. Soc. Rev., 42, 2013, 450-457 ; [2] D. Quesada-González, A. Merkoçi. « Nanoparticle-based lateral flow biosensors », Biosensors and Bioelectronics, 73, 2015, 47-63 ; [3] E. Morales-Narváez, H. Golmohammadi, T. Naghdi, H. Yousefi, U. Kostiv, D. Horak, N. Pourreza, A. Merkoçi. “Nanopaper as an optical sensing platform “, ACS Nano, 9, 2015, 7296-7305 ; [4]. E. Morales-Narvaez, T. Naghdi, E. Zor, A. Merkoci, “Photoluminescent Lateral-Flow Immunoassay Revealed by Graphene Oxide: Highly Sensitive Paper-Based Pathogen Detection”, Anal. Chem. 2015, 87, 8573-8577. [5] L.

Baptista-Pires, C. C. Mayorga-Martínez, M.M. Sanchez, H. Monton, A. Merkoçi, "Water Activated Graphene Oxide Transfer Using Wax Printed Membranes for Fast Patterning of a Touch Sensitive Device", ACS Nano 2016, 10, 853–860 [6] A.M.
López_Marzo, A. Merkoçi, "Paper-based sensors and assays: a success of the engineering design and the convergence of knowledge areas", Lab Chip, 2016, 16, 3150–3176